

FORTIETH YEAR

BISMARCK, NORTH DAKOTA; TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1921

PRICE FIVE CENTS

HOME BUILDERS
HOUSES BEYOND
THE ESTIMATESCost of Constructing Houses
Estimated at 20 Per Cent
Beyond Figures Given

LAWSUITS MAY RESULT

Many Builders Declare They Will
Not Pay the Added Cost
and Plan to FightENRICO CARUSO, FAMOUS WORLD OVER AS OPERA SINGER,
SUCCUMBS TO LONG ILLNESS IN HIS HOME IN NAPLES, ITALY

Singer with the "Golden Voice" idolized in world of song for twenty-five years—rose from concert stage in Italy to unequalled position as singer—illness which began with a bursted blood vessel and followed by pleurisy brings death.

HAD MADE GREAT FORTUNE

Investigation of the situation with respect to houses built in Bismarck by the Home Builders Association after intimations were made in Judge Nuessle's court here yesterday that the houses would cost considerably more than had been anticipated by the builders, revealed this to be the fact. How much more is not certain at this time.

J. B. Adams manager of the Home Builders Association who was placed in the position after a disordered state of affairs was found to exist admitted that the average cost will exceed the estimates by about 20 percent.

In some cases it is said the excess will run 40 percent or more while in others the actual cost will be close to the estimate.

No contracts signed.

Very few of the persons in Fargo, Bismarck and Mandan who had houses built by the state have obtained actual figures. The costs are being rechecked by Adams now with a view of determining if mistakes have been made. This work is now complete and except for the legal questions arising in the Lemke house case the association is about ready to sign contracts. No contracts have been signed on houses built by the state except for the first house built here about two years ago. There were 54 houses built by the state and four purchased.

It is expected that lawsuits will result from the situation. The Home Builders Association will insist the builders of houses pay the entire cost charged against them which includes overhead of the association. Some of the builders have already consulted attorneys and are planning to wage a court battle to maintain their contention that they should pay only the estimated cost or approximately that.

All estimates were said to have been verbal estimates.

Complete figures are expected to be announced soon by the Industrial Commission. The costs of a few houses only are known. In one case a house was estimated to cost \$4,900 and the final cost is \$6,200, including \$500 extras.

In another the estimated cost was \$5,423 and the final cost is \$7,900 including \$935 extras. In another the estimated cost was \$5,300 and the final cost is said to be \$7,189 no extras being charged. In another the estimated cost was said to be \$7,500, the final cost \$16,000 to which is to be added an unknown amount of extras.

Question of "Extra."

The question of "extras" is one which is causing considerable trouble. According to some local builders the builder was asked to select a standardized plan of architecture and then was permitted to alter to suit his fancy, it being the plan of the Home Builders Association to have a few standard plans and have quantity production bases on those plans. The usual method of ordering an extra was to ask the superintendent of construction how much the extra would cost receive a verbal estimate and have the work done. The cost of the extra exceeds the verbal estimates in most cases it is said.

The Home Builders Association is doing little work now although it is said that numerous applications for state-built houses are being made.

Cost of Lemke's Home.

The actual cost of the home of William Lemke in Fargo which J. W. Brinton estimated in his lawsuit as \$25,000 is understood to have been \$16,000 spent through the Home Builders Association not more than \$4,000 of state money being in the house at one time and additional purchases were made by Mr. Lemke which were not reflected in the Home Builders' figures.

JULY RECORD ON
HEAT UNBROKENAverage Temperature for Month
Nears High Mark, However

Although the highest temperature ever reached in July was recorded last month the monthly meteorological summary of the U. S. Weather Bureau revealed today that the heat record for the month as a whole was not broken. Cool weather toward the end of the month lowered the averages a great deal.

The mean temperature for the month however was 74 degrees and only in a few years has this been equalled or exceeded. In 1885 the mean temperature was 76. In 1894 it was 74. In 1911 it was 75. The highest temperature during the month was 108 which is also the highest for any one day in July for 20 years. The lowest during the month was 59. The weather bureau tables show that the thermometer has fallen as low as 50 above in July.

There was plenty of sunshine during the month. The mean temperature during the month was 4 degrees above normal. The percentage of possible sunshine was 75 which was per cent above normal. There were only two cloudy days in the month being clear and 13 partly cloudy.

The total precipitation for the month was 21% or 24 above normal. The deficiency in rainfall since Jan. 1 is 25% inches.

List of Operas.

The list of Italian and French operas in which the noted tenor's name figures since he first sang in New York revealed an amazing variety. In 18 years he sang in less than 4,000 times in one season 1,000 times making 100 appearances a great test of endurance for any voice. He was unspare in his use of his vocal powers.

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(Continued on page 4)



Caruso as he appeared on the porch of his home at Naples, Italy.

MOTOR-DRIVEN PUMP APPARATUS
FOR CITY FIRE DEPARTMENT IS
URGED BY FORMER STATE OFFICER

City Commission's Intention to
Purchase Fire Apparatus is
Discussed by Henry D. Reade
Who Disagrees with Commis-
sion's Specifications—Proposal
to Purchase Fire Truck Re-
veals that \$4,000 Fund for
Purchase of Fire Truck Has
Been Unused and State Aid of
About \$2,000 is Available to
Fire Department.

Purchase of a fire truck equipped with a motor driven pump was urged today by Henry D. Reade former state fire marshal following the announcement that the city commission meeting last night decided to advertise for bids for a fire truck. The commission's specifications did not provide for a motor driven fire truck.

Discussion of the question of the kind of fire truck to be purchased was prevalent on the downtown streets today following the action of the commission at the meeting last night. Surprise was occasioned by many when it was said an appropriation of \$4,000 for use in purchasing a fire truck made in 1919 had been used.

Mr. Reade speaking from his experience as fire marshal declared that with the \$4,000 appropriation and the sum of \$1,242.88 due the city of Bismarck from the state from fire insurance companies of two percent of the premiums for use of fire departments the city ought to be able to purchase a motor driven truck.

He declared that the expenditure of \$1,000 on a piece of fire apparatus at \$700 a month but thought the early excessive and he deal fell through. Grau was quick to perceive the opportunity he had lost and finally engaged Forum for 60 performances at \$1,000 a night. But Mr. Grau became ill and Caruso when singing in Lisbon received word that again he must abandon his hope of singing in America. Heurich Conried, who had made his debut at the Nuovo theater Naples in 1894 later toured Italy and Sicily and was engaged for four seasons at La Scala, Milan. Subsequently he sang in St. Petersburg, Moscow, Warsaw, Rome, Lisbon, Paris, London and leading cities of Germany when he came to the Metropolitan Opera House in New York on November 23, 1903 the critics did not go into ecstasies over him. One of them wrote on the opening night: "Signor Caruso (as the Duke in *Rigoletto*) has many of the treasures Italian vocal affectations and when he neglects to cover his tones as he always does when he becomes strenuous his voice becomes pallid."

100 francs first fee.

It is interesting to observe that when Caruso made his Naples debut he sang the title role four times for which he received 100 francs a pair of stage shoes a suit of flossings and neckerchief. Some years later Maurice Grau the impresario negotiated with him to sing in America for \$700 a month but thought the early excessive and he deal fell through. Grau was quick to perceive the opportunity he had lost and finally engaged Forum for 60 performances at \$1,000 a night. But Mr. Grau became ill and Caruso when singing in Lisbon received word that again he must abandon his hope of singing in America. Heurich Conried, who had made his debut at the Nuovo theater Naples in 1894 later toured Italy and Sicily and was engaged for four seasons at La Scala, Milan. Subsequently he sang in St. Petersburg, Moscow, Warsaw, Rome, Lisbon, Paris, London and leading cities of Germany when he came to the Metropolitan Opera House in New York on November 23, 1903 the critics did not go into ecstasies over him. One of them wrote on the opening night: "Signor Caruso (as the Duke in *Rigoletto*) has many of the treasures Italian vocal affectations and when he neglects to cover his tones as he always does when he becomes strenuous his voice becomes pallid."

Wants Paid Chief.

Mr. Reade also declared that the local fire department should have a paid chief and assistant chief and driver to sleep at the engine house working only for the city and not men. He urged close study of the question of fire protection legislation and action was taken and that steps be taken to make for speed and efficiency in fighting fires.

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PROBLEMS OF FAR EAST TO FIX POLICIES

Success of Harding's Disarmament Conference Will Hinge on Pacific Problem

JAPAN DOUBTFUL FACTOR

Desire that Yap and Shantung Issues be Eliminated from Confab

By Harry Hunt

Washington, Aug. 1.—Success of the disarmament conference in Washington can all depend primarily on a satisfactory adjustment of half a dozen Far East problems.

It is with these minor issues that, if adjusted, would "the irritants that might ultimately lead to a clash of arms be removed. And then only could the nations involved agree to a considerable reduction of armaments, at least a cessation of building new armaments—without feeling that safety was being jeopardized.

These problems are:

1. Mandates under the League of Nations, particularly that of Yap.

2. Shantung.

3. The Open Door in China.

4. The territorial integrity of China.

5. The territorial integrity of Asiatic Russia.

Once an agreement on these is reached, the matter of getting together in cutting down the size of armies and navies will be easy. But

this first necessary agreement officials recognize will not be easy. That rather than any actual disarmament compact will be the big step toward peace if it is achieved.

U. S. Protest

Japan and Shantung Japan has informed her she holds a right to be represented by the Treaty of Versailles. The United States, however, on the basis that she as one of the principal allied and associated powers, even though not a member of the League of Nations, was entitled to a voice in the distribution of the former German Islands in the Pacific, has protested the granting of special rights in Yap to Japan. Because of Yap's importance as a Pacific cable center, this country has insisted that it be internationalized and equal rights assured to all.

With respect to Shantung no official stand has been taken, although many senators have attacked the bestowing upon Japan of the German rights in that peninsula. The unbiased view, however, is that any dispute over sovereignty in Shantung should be referred to the front Japan's occupation of the Maritime Provinces of eastern Siberia and of Sakhalin Island where Japan is operating extensive fisheries. Japanese colonization in Manchuria and her occupancy of Vladivostok are also involved.

There is indicated considerable desire in several quarters that the Yap and Shantung questions be eliminated in advance of the Washington conference. That, it is recognized, would greatly simplify questions before the conference. This government will not however concede that the Treaty of Versailles—in the absence of any acquiescence by this country—could dispose of Yap. The case has been stated so plainly that Japan has no illusions as to the basis on which our claims stand, and the vigor with which they will be presented.

China's Stand

As to Shantung Japan has contended that title to the former German rights in that province was legally vested in her and cannot be disturbed so long as the Versailles Treaty remains international law.

China, on the other hand, contends that her declaration of war against Germany restored to China all rights

previously granted Germany. That being so she claims there were no German rights in China to be disposed of at the Versailles conference. China refused to sign the treaty because of the Shantung provision.

The Open Door in China and China's territorial integrity are of course old questions. They are the ones in which the real statesmanship of the members of the conference may best be displayed. On them depends whether China is to become an independent nation or whether the special interests which virtually render China impotent and helpless are to continue their hold. In this is involved the abolition of all extraterritorial jurisdiction, the control of maritime customs by the British, the French control of the Chinese post office and the Lansing-Ishii agreement recognizing Japan's "special interests" in China. These are infinite ramifications.

The question of the territorial integrity of Asiatic Russia will bring to the front Japan's occupation of the Maritime Provinces of eastern Siberia and of Sakhalin Island where Japan is operating extensive fisheries. Japanese colonization in Manchuria and her occupancy of Vladivostok are also involved.

Cable Problem

In the matter of communications, the whole question of a friendly, equitable relationship in the establishing and maintenance of wireless and cable stations will be developed. This will bring in the development of Yap as an international cable distributing center, and the interests of the Netherlands, which now control important cable links in the Western Pacific.

Both Belgium and Holland, in addition to the six powers primarily involved in the conference, will be permitted to make representations in connection with the Far East questions.

Belgium has extensive interests in China. Belgian capital owning the Lung Hai and the Kow Ching railways and the great Kai Ping mines.

Holland's whole life as a trading nation depends upon her rich island

possessions in the Pacific—the Dutch East Indies. This comprises a huge territory with 50,000,000 population. Without these colonies and a free hand in developing their markets, Holland would be reduced to the status of a fifth-rate nation. Her interests are readily recognized as justifying a voice in any agreement involving Far Eastern affairs.

Along broad lines, those are the questions that must be ironed out before the conference can get down to brass tacks on the relative size of armies and navies.

Important, but secondary to these key questions, are the attitude of Australia, Canada and New Zealand, and the new position in which the Philippines may be placed as a result of the conference.

For it is generally admitted that with the other questions of expansion and colonization in the Far East settled on some agreeable basis, the chances for Philippine independence at an early date would be greatly increased.

FIRST STEAM ACCIDENT 66 YEARS AGO

Pierre, S. D., Aug. 1.—Today marks the 66th anniversary of the first recorded steam navigation accident on the Missouri river in South Dakota, the sinking of the 328 ton side wheel steamer Kate Swinney of Sweeny as it is usually written. The wreck occurred at what has since been known as "Kate Sweeny Bend," between Vermillion and Elk Point, where the line dividing Union and Clay counties meets the river.

The boat was engaged in carrying soldiers and military supplies from St. Louis to Fort Pierre, and was returning empty. She was named for Miss Kate Swinney, daughter of Captain W. D. Swinney of Glasgow, Mo., and was owned by Captain Pierre M. Chouteau.

The annual report of the Missouri River Commission for the fiscal year of 1886 and 1897 tells that George Anderson, ship's mate and Henry Dickson, her fireman started to walk from the wreck to Sioux City and were never seen again, the supposition being that they were killed by Sioux. The correctness of this statement has never been proven.

A St. Louis paper of about August 1, 1855, describing the accident contains the following:

Fetco, the pilot, and Black, the carpenter, got away in a lifeboat, and reached St. Joseph in safety. Before leaving the wreck, the captain sold the salvage to some nearby settlers for \$300.

MAJOR HANLEY GOES TO FRANCE

Major J. M. Hanley, of Mandan, left Saturday night for the feast to join the American Legion party of 250 going to France.

DAVID GALVIN, HURT IN WRECK, DIES IN BUTTE

David Galvin, of Butte, Mont., brother of Mrs. H. J. Woodmansee, of this city, is dead of injuries received in a railroad accident two weeks ago, according to a telegram received early today by Mr. Woodmansee.

Mr. Galvin was an engineer on the Great Northern. While he was piloting a "high" engine it went off the tracks, turned over and pinned him. Mr. Galvin being badly scalded, Mr.

Galvin was 32 years old and had lived in Butte about 15 years.

Mrs. Mary Galvin, mother of the deceased, is at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Woodmansee. They will go to Morris, Minn., tomorrow where the funeral will be held. A twin brother of the deceased, Jean Galvin, is an engineer on the N. P. on the James town Dickinson division.

MINOT WINS.

Minot, Aug. 1.—Minot defeated Leets, 8 to 4, Saturday in a rattling good game, and 16 to 3 Sunday.

\$10,000 BEAUTY AT THE REX TONIGHT

Marcus Loew's "All Star" Vaudeville Road Show, enroute to Seattle, is making a two days stop in Bismarck so that the people of Bismarck will have a chance to see the New York American's \$10,000 beauty, Miss Neil Healy, of Gordon and Healy. Out of over one and a half million entries Miss Healy was selected by the judges as the most beautiful competitor for the prize. The judges were, the Mayor of New York, Harrison Fisher, America's foremost artist and Irving Berlin, the song writer.

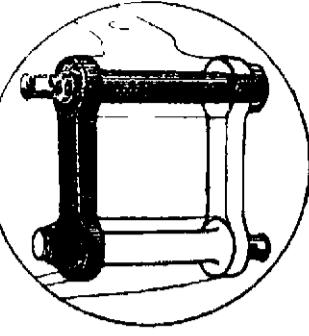
The "All Star" show also carries Joyce Landre & Co. in a dance fantasy called "Inspiration." This act carries five people and all special scenery. Another of the acts is Cotton Allen and Mae Moore who were featured in the Winter Garden, Passing Show of 1920. Their specialty is southern melodies and dances. Chapman and Ring will give a comedy skit. "The Three Men." There will also be a reel picture both Monday and Tuesday night when the vaudeville is given.

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Modern House convenient to schools.
Apply
Cowan Drug Store

Pedigreed German Police Dogs
Arthur Brown Apt. N, Rose
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This little two piece shackle does away permanently on Willys-Knight cars with 90% of the squeaks common to even the most costly cars.

Service Far Beyond Common Standards

No speedometer has ever measured the life limit of the Willys-Knight sleeve valve motor.

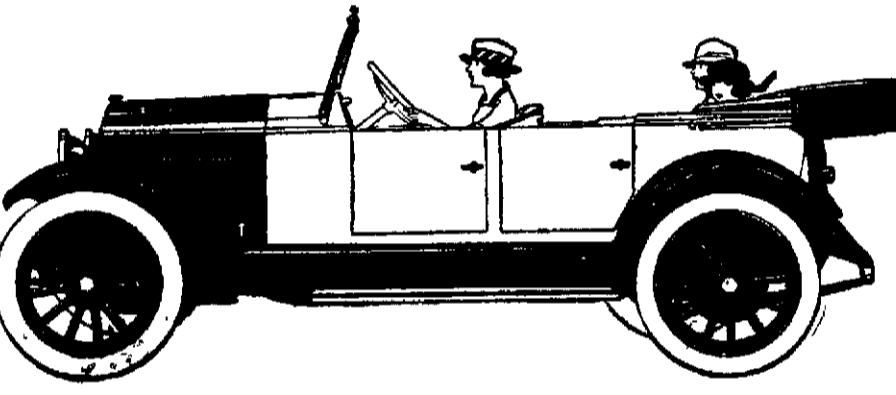
Its two simple sleeves sliding on a film of oil are so perfectly lubricated in all weathers that they incur no noticeable wear.

Carbon packing back of the combustion ring actually increases the motor's power after miles of use.

The quiet and long life of the motor has enforced the development of a car of superior refinement in every detail.

It steers easily. Rides comfortably. And with its sturdy frame guards passengers from the jars of the road.

Light weight and careful balance secure exceptional fuel economy.



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Social and Personal

EFFICIENCY ACKNOWLEDGED
The local Red Cross has received word from the Central division of the American Red Cross that the Bismarck branch is graded as efficient. Of the great number of Red Cross branches in the state only fifteen were recognized as being efficient. This means that correspondence may be carried on with the Bismarck Red Cross that would otherwise have gone to the Central division in Minnesota. There are sixteen branches recognized as efficient. The fifteen in North Dakota are Valley City, Minnewaukan, Devils Lake, Bottineau, Bismarck, Fargo, Maring, Grand Forks, Watford City, Devils Lake, Wahpeton, Dickinson, Minot, Fessenden and Williston.

HERE FOR REUNION

Miss Hale Crilly, who was connected with the Civilian Relief work in Italy during the World War, and Miss Rena Whiting, who was engaged in canteen work in France are expected to arrive from Minneapolis tomorrow and will be the house guests of Miss Agnes Orr. Miss Orr was connected with the hospital work in France and this visit is to be a little reunion. Miss Crilly and Miss Whiting will be here for about two weeks.

OPENS VIOLIN CLASS

Donald McDonald will reopen his classes in violin here August 4th. Mr. McDonald studied violin with Heinrich Hoevel of Minneapolis and later with William McPhail of that city. He is a graduate of the McPhail School of Music.

TO INDIANA

Miss Theodosia Fitch left on No. 2 today to spend her vacation with relatives at South Bend, Ind. Upon her return about September 1 she will will enroll in the Nurses Training school of the Bismarck hospital.

TO MONTANA

Miss Jeanette Swartz left for Myers Mont to spend her vacation with her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Swartz. Miss Swartz expects to be gone about two weeks.

GIVES BIRTHDAY PARTY

Mrs. A. Riven of 509 Eighth street entertained twelve little girls yesterday afternoon at a birthday party in honor of her little daughter Gladys. Miss Gladys celebrated her tenth birthday. The children spent the afternoon playing games.

TO MINNESOTA

Harry Woodmansee and son Joe and Mr. Mary Galvin left today for Warren Minn. where they will spend

SYMPOTMS WOMEN DREAD

Mrs. Wilson's Letter Should Be Read by All Women

Clearfield, Pa.—"After my last child was born last September I was unable to do all of my own work. I had severe pains in my left side every month and had fever and sick dizzy spells and such pains during my periods, which lasted two weeks. I heard of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound doing others so much good and thought I would give it a trial. I have been very glad that I did, for now I feel stronger and do all of my work. I can tell my friends when they ask me what helped me, and they think it must be a grand medicine. And it is. You can use this letter for a testimonial if you wish."—Mrs. HARRY A. WILSON, R. F. D. 5, Clearfield, Pa.

The experience and testimony of such women as Mrs. Wilson prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will correct such troubles by removing the cause and restoring the system to a healthy normal condition. When such symptoms develop as backaches, bearing-down pains, displacements, nervousness and "the blues" a woman cannot act too promptly in trying Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound if she values her future comfort and happiness.

Pedigreed German Police Dogs

Arthur Brown Apt. N. Rose
Apts Third Street
Bismarck, N. D.

their vacation Mrs. Woodmansee will leave for Minnesota in a few days.

GLESTS FROM ST. PAUL

Miss Mary McCauley, Miss Francis Prendergast and little Miss Mary Mc Cauley are visiting Sister Boniface of the St. Alexis Hospital. Miss Mc Cauley is a prominent teacher in the St. Paul schools. Miss Prendergast is from a prominent pioneer family of St. Paul and is employed with the Great Northern. Little Miss Mary is a niece of the elder Mary McCauley and they are all relatives of Sister Boniface whom they will visit for a few days.

TO GIVE SILVER COFFEE

A silver coffee will be given by the winners of the First Lutheran church at the parsonage, 804 Seventh street Wednesday evening. The hours will be eight to eleven. Everyone is invited to attend.

RETURNS TO HOME

Miss Hilda Hart who has been visiting Miss Ethel McKee here for some time left today for Dickinson where she will visit friends before returning to her home at Kildeer.

TO FARGO AND LAKES

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Parsons and Mrs. A. W. Gussner left today to Fargo. At Fargo Miss Mable and Dorothy Parsons will join them and they will then go to Big Pine Lake, where they will visit for some time.

HIRE FROM CHICAGO

Miss Dagmar Hickert of Chicago, arrived in the city yesterday to spend a month with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Millhollen of 703 Eighth street. Miss Hickert is Miss Millhollen's sister.

CALLED TO CITY

J. L. Johnson of the Mott Pioneer Press is in the city being called here on account of the illness of his grandmother. Mrs. Mary Martineson, 401 Ninth street.

ON PLEASANT TRIP

According to advices received here Warren E. Thayer is now in Gardner, Mont. Mr. Thayer reports a very pleasant western trip.

VACATION AT HOME

Miss Mae Martin and Miss Alice E. Thayer left today for Lark, N. D. where they will spend their vacation at the home of Mrs. Martin. They will be gone about two weeks.

ON MOTOR TRIP

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Richmond left yesterday on a motor trip to Hobson, Mont. where they will spend some time visiting friends.

HERE FROM DUNN CENTER

Mrs. Chris Olson, of Dunn Center is in the city the guest of Mrs. William Dobson.

RETURNS FROM FARIBAULT

Paul Remington has returned from Faribault, Minn. where he attended the summer session of Shattuck Military Academy.

RETURNS HOME

L. J. Svendsgaard who has been spending his vacation visiting his mother here left for Cannon Ball today.

RETURNS FROM VACATION

Miss Ida Swanson has returned from Brahm, Minn. where she spent her vacation.

LEAVES ON VACATION

Miss Ella Doeling left yesterday for Sheldon, N. D. where she will spend her vacation.

TO HAVE OPERATION

Mr. R. W. Oakman of 511 Fifth street is in the Bismarck hospital and will undergo an operation.

BUSINESS VISITOR

R. E. McCain of Braddock was a business visitor in the city today.

ON BUSINESS TRIP

G. E. Wengren left last night for Minneapolis on a business trip.

TO FARGO

Miss Ruth Brackett the Red Cross nurse left today for Fargo on a business trip.

HERE FROM PORTLAND

Miss Jessie Streeter and Myrtle Baldwin of Portland, Oregon were visiting friends in the city over the weekend. Miss Streeter, Miss Baldwin, W. L. Van Vleet and R. P. Schladach spent Sunday at Lake Isabelle and visited friends at Driscoll and Steele.

LEAVES FOR CHICAGO

Mrs. A. S. Nielsen and daughter Agnes leave tonight for Minneapolis and Chicago. Miss Agnes will visit relatives in Minneapolis while Mrs. Nielsen does her fall buying for the Nielsen Millinery Shop in Chicago on

WOMAN'S EXCHANGE AIDS DEPENDENT WOMEN



MRS. IDA JANE DUTTON

Helping women find themselves. That says Mrs. Ida Jane Dutton is the particular mission which she has selected for herself.

And in that thought was born the New York Exchange for Women's Work which has well over 2000 signors all over the United States.

Mrs. Dutton is manager of the concern which employs 70 people. The board of managers is composed of 40 New York women who assisted Mrs. Dutton in getting the project under way.

The building in which the exchange is—50 feet wide and five stories high—is owned by the organization and was built a year ago under the direction of Mrs. Dutton. In this Mrs. Dutton accomplished the seemingly impossible. The plan of the organization was to open it in September. They were told however by the contractor that it would be impossible to open the building before January.

Mrs. Dutton went on with her plans for a September opening and told the contractor that the building had to be completed by that time. Further, she was on the ground most of the time watching the very hammering in of nails and placing of structural work.

And in September the New York Woman's Exchange was formally opened.

Our effort," says Mrs. Dutton

all those who say the vaudeville bill at the Rex last night (and the house was packed to the doors) were unanimous in saying it was the classiest and neatest show in town in years.

Not one bit of vulgarity or indecent

jokes or dances and this is unusual in modern vaudeville. It was a show for ladies, children, and the men folks who enjoy clean wit and refined vaudeville of today. Each act (and there were four of them) stood out in its and really it would be hard to pick a bad one.

They were all great.

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THE STATE'S OLDEST NEWSPAPER
(Established 1873)

WHERE THERE'S A WILL THERE'S A WAY

Bismarck can have a modern piece of fire fighting apparatus without increasing the tax load. This fact has developed more emphatically since the bond election and the position taken by the opponents of the bond issue is being strengthened daily.

When the bond issue was first opposed it was argued an inexpensive truck could be purchased through the practice of thrift and economy in the management of the city. It was not made public at that time that the city levied for a fire truck in 1919 and the taxpayers paid into the city treasury at that time \$4,000.

In addition to this, is almost \$2,000 paid by the fire insurance company for the maintenance of the fire department, being 2% on the fire premiums paid.

This leaves \$6,000 that can be applied directly for the purchase of fire apparatus. Valley City in 1917 when war prices obtained purchased an efficient fighting unit for \$5,800.

The specifications decided upon at the city commission meeting may be wholly inadequate under the new circumstances. When the City Commission—at least four members of that body—issued a pamphlet to the voters in defense of the bond issue there was no mention made of this \$4,000 appropriation. Neither was The Tribune, when it conducted its campaign against recourse to a bond issue for the purchase of a fire apparatus, in possession of these facts.

No time should be lost now in finding what other cities have done before spending the money immediately available.

Property owners who have a keen interest in the right kind of fire protection should bestir themselves to that end that not one penny of the money is wasted in buying something that is not going to prove of the greatest efficiency.

When the city commission ordered a bond election, it was presumed that there was no money available for fire apparatus and upon such a showing, the Tribune urged in view of the present business stringency that an inexpensive truck be secured. Such action would have been warranted if only \$1,400 to \$2,000 were available from the general fund by cutting other budget items to the bone.

But defeat of the bond issue has brought to light a completely new state of affairs and it behoves the taxpayers to interest themselves to the limit.

The present situation is only one more reason why a complete survey should be made without delay of Bismarck's financial condition. A \$4,000 appropriation unused for fire protection could hardly be overlooked if there were yearly or semi-annual publication of city financial statements.

Lets get the most for the \$6,000.

If it will buy a fire engine truck like Valley City's which is reported as being satisfactory then let us get one. After investigation if it is found that \$6,000 is not enough, then it will be time to fall back on the kind of an apparatus the city proposes advertising for.

HELPING THE POOL

The spirit of the local utilities in offering free service to the municipal swimming pool for the remainder of the summer is to be commended as a splendid example of public spirit. The gift of the Bismarck Water Supply company and the Hughes Electric company may enable the pool management to end the season with a balance on hand rather than a large deficit, permit the improvement of the pool for next year and relieve the city of a further drain on revenue.

In connection it may be mentioned again that many merchants furnished materials to the Elks building committee for the pool at cost. While they do not desire to have their names made public, as many of the contributors to the pool fund, do not wish to have their names known public, they may feel a keen sense of satisfaction in knowing that they aided in bringing supreme joy to the boys and girls of Bismarck such as is witnessed at the swimming pool.

BIG ONES GET AWAY

Behold the angler buying new tackle and pack up for a fishing trip.

If he can possibly make it, he'll also buy a ticket to some far-off lake or stream. For fishermen share with the rest of us the delusion that our

hooks would catch bigger fish somewhere beyond the horizon.

You probably look on amateur fishing as a sport.

Yet in it you have man's most ancient occupation.

Men fished long before they developed enough intelligence to make a beast-killing weapon by splicing a jagged-flint to a club.

You wouldn't be living today if some prehistoric ancestor hadn't discovered that he could obtain food by fishing with a cat-gut noose or a natural hook of bone from a bird's skeleton.

Fish, alone with fruit and vegetables, kept primitive man from perishing until he learned how to kill meat, domesticate cattle and till the soil.

Evolutionists say that, a matter of millions of years ago, our ancestors were fish—and that's why we all like to swim.

The first form of transportation—long before man rode elephants, camels, horses or dinosaurs—was a raft or crude canoe.

Man invented those first boats to take him on fishing trips.

It's only a matter of a few thousands years since all sailors were fishermen.

Then, with the fishermen's incessant mania for a still larger fish, the boats were built larger, nets were conceived, and soon the whalers gave the world a long line of explorers.

If fishermen hadn't developed the boat, Columbus could not have discovered America.

Organized or commercial fishing has developed into an enormous industry, American fisheries now yielding about \$110,000,000 a year.

The food experts believe that as time goes on we're going to depend more and more on the ocean for our food.

There is talk of shark skin taking the place of cow's leather for future man's shoes, and the business of fishing may still be in its infancy despite the hundreds of thousands of years that have elapsed since the cave man went home and told his wife about the big one that got away.

FOOLING AN OYSTER

The pearl market throughout the world is in an uproar because the Japanese are producing artificially-grown pearls that cannot be told from natural pearls except by cutting them in two.

A grain of sand or a tiny living parasite gets in an oyster. Mr. Oyster, irritated, begins covering the intruder with nacre, the fluid that makes the mother-of-pearl lining inside his shell. He keeps on adding successive layers of nacre until a smooth pearl is made.

But the Japanese noticed that pearls built up in contact with an oyster's shell are imperfectly shaped. The prize round or pear-shaped pearls of great price are created in the soft fleshy part of the oyster.

So Japanese divers swim under water until a trusting oyster opens his mouth. Then, expertly, they plant the beginning of a prize pearl exactly where they want it—in the fish.

These divers have submarine farms where they keep oysters working night and day to produce pearls.

No wonder the pearl market is in an uproar. For pearls get their value not so much from beauty as from rarity of perfect specimens.

Pecks of baroques, of irregularly shaped pearls, are found daily in mussels in the Mississippi and its tributaries. But to get perfect specimens such as Dreicer & Co., of New York, used in their famous \$600,000 necklace of matched pearls, is another matter, for the fine specimens are few and far between.

But pearl dealers fear that, given a few more years with their pearl farms, the Japanese will produce any kind they want.

Scientists are trying to find a way to detect Japanese pearls. Dr. A. Brammall of the Imperial College of Science and Technology, in London, hopes to do it with polarized light.

The idea probably is to be able to label a pearl as a counterfeit without chopping it in two.

Then the naturally-grown pearl might retain its distinctively high price.

That's foolish. Maybe the rich would gullibly swallow the bait, to flatter their ego or vanity. But we wager that if plain Mary or Molly or Maggie could have a fine necklace of real pearls to wear in the office or store, she wouldn't give a hurrax how they were made.

Anyway, it's only a matter of time until all gems, including diamonds, will be produced cheaply in laboratories by artificial methods—as they are now produced in minute form and at a prohibitive price that cannot compete with the flashing stones created by nature.

DUAL PERSONALITY

Mrs. Etta Perry Heil is recovering in a Chicago hospital from an attempt at suicide. You will recall her as the Chicago banker's wife who turned burglar and, after being discovered, blamed her "dual personality."

"Thank God, at last I am free from this inner self that has dominated me," she exclaimed when told she would recover.

We all have dual personalities. That is why good children are sometimes bad. But it isn't necessary for one to attempt suicide to put the Jekyl in ascendancy over the Hyde. Exercise of will power will do it.

THE PARTING OF THE WAYS



KELLOGG SUBSTITUTE FOR NORRIS FARM FINANCE BILL DECLARED LIKELY TO PASS

Washington, Aug. 2.—The Kellogg two hours in support of his substitute. He explained that his bill was an administration measure and that he had brought it into the senate because he wanted to help the farmer. Unless a substitute were offered, the senator said, he felt the farmer would get nothing from the Norris bill, because it would put the government into the buying and selling business and advanced hundreds of millions in credit to Europe, admit defeat, but are insisting that they, and not the administration shall write the amendments.

While Senator F. B. Kellogg of Minnesota, was preparing the final draft of his substitute bill, the senate committee on agriculture, headed by Senator G. W. Norris, was making changes in the original bill. They voted to strike out the provision for buying and selling. They decided also not to create a new corporation, but to utilize the War Finance corporation. But they still demand that money be advanced to foreign governments to buy our products.

Citing the effect of wheat price fixing during the war, Senator Kellogg said the same thing will result again if the Norris bill is passed. He insisted that price fixing was sure to follow creation of the proposed \$1,000,000,000 buying and selling corporation.

The chief difference between his bill and the Norris bill, Senator Kellogg said, was that the Norris bill made the government a buying and selling agency and advanced money to foreign buyers, whereas he provided means for the war finance corporation to furnish funds immediately to aid exporting of surplus farm products and credits to those who held products and were unable to find a market.

"I do not believe it is wise," he said, "that any agency should have authority to deal directly with, and send credits directly to, foreign governments.

"The moment we open the doors of this corporation to credits of foreign governments, the propaganda and pressure of every nation in the world for credits would exceed anything we have ever seen in wartime."

Corporation Well Experienced

"The War Finance corporation has had four years of experience in the same kind of business in which we now propose to have it engage. It has a capital of \$500,000,000. At one time it issued \$2,000,000 of bonds, and found a ready sale for them, and these bonds were paid inside of a year. It now has available in the treasury more than \$400,000,000.

"Due to the uncertain exchange rates and lack of capital in Europe," Senator Kellogg said, "it is necessary for the American farmer and cotton raiser, the American seller and warehouseman, to carry this year's crop for a longer period than it was necessary to do before the war, or even during the war."

Notes and Bonds Authorized

"Section 27 first makes it possible to get assistance of the controller of the currency in obtaining information

for the war, or even during the war."

TALE OF A HEALTHY JOB—AND AN UNHEALTHY ONE



BY NORRIS O'DINN.

Washington, Aug. 2.—Brig. Gen. Charles E. Sawyer personal physician to President Harding, is like a street cleaner in Venice—he has a job, but "there ain't no work."

It's Sawyer's job to keep the president well. But the president won't get sick, and the desk on which the Doc should be rolling pills is useful only as a parking place for his feet.

Often these days Harding sits up until the wee small hours in the White House library, delving into problems of disarmament or Far East affairs.

But, promptly at seven o'clock the next morning, he begins the daily executive grind. His desk is piled moun-

tain high with correspondence. Called by the dozen wait outside his door. He is busy constantly until late at night.

How does he stand the strain? Regular schedule of rest, recreation and exercise?

"No, he doesn't need it," Sawyer says. "The reason the president keeps well is because he was born that way."

I knew his father and mother well. They were sturdy pioneer people.

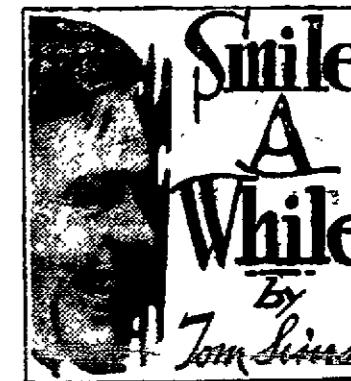
From them the president got his wonderful physique.

"I've known the president for 25 years and in that time he has never been sick in bed for a day."

regarding all member banks of the federal reserve system and those under the jurisdiction of the federal government. It authorizes notes and bonds which may be issued in serial numbers, or on short time, so that it will not be compelled to sell long time bonds during a year or even six months if it can obtain temporary credit in the sale of notes or short time bonds.

The bond issue by this corporation is reduced from \$3,000,000,000 which we authorized during the war, to \$1,000,000,000. Mayoe that is not sufficient. Congress can increase it if it is not.

President Harding's special message to congress on railroad and farm financing was regarded today by many republican leaders in the senate as having dealt a fatal blow to the Norris bill.



Bugs spread reform epidemics.

All blockheads are not square.

Vacation sweethearts have engaged ways

The shipping board is a loose plank in the ship of state.

Only a dentist gets paid for looking down in the mouth.

One million dollars reward for the man who finds prohibition.

Society Note: The Greeks and Turks are having an outing.

Balboa discovered the Pacific; Harding is trying to make it so.

The doctor who says onions make people healthy must live by himself.

Some rents are high, but the landlord with low will get jack and the game.

Many a young fellow who thinks he is climbing to success by himself is Miss-guided.

Why say bachelors and old maids are queer when they really are very singular people?

With wars quoted at 350 billions each we can make our old one do for a few centuries.

Speaking of dresses, Methuselah died as long as he did without seeing as much as we do.

Capitol doorkeepers should be better paid than legislators because it's harder to sleep standing up.

Ford says he can make three railroad cars out of one. What we need is three railroad rates out of one.

ADVENTURE OF THE TWINS

By Olive Burton Roberts

There was one Nuisance Fairy who had given very little trouble. All the time that Jack Frost was cutting up his antics in the spring and Old Man Flood was out tearing around, he dozed and nodded and didn't take an interest in anything. And when Howly Thunder and Jumpy Lightning got out the bass-drum and flash-light and started off on a grand parade, drumming over Sprinkle-Blow's barrel marked "Hard Storms" and pouring rain down on the earth, this fellow went sound asleep. You'd have thought he'd never wake up.

But after the blossoms had come and gone on the trees and little hard green balls appeared in their places (which would one day be apples, peaches, pears, cherries or plums), and after Farmer Smith's sassafras garden had a good start, and after all the little pinky, greenish, white, blue speckled eggs in the nests had cracked open to let out all sorts of fuzzy youngsters (screaming their heads off for worms), this old fairy stirred.

He got up out of his big easy chair and stretched and yawned and blew his hot breath out in great puffs and said he believed

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

HELP WANTED—MALE

WANTED—Experienced Lumber and Hardware store manager who can handle the German trade for a good point in South Dakota. Must be able to make out lumber bills and take charge of the business in county seat town. Good salary. Address P. O. Box 347, Aberdeen, S. D. 7-29-1wk

HELP WANTED—FEMALE

WANTED—Housekeeper for two, elderly lady preferred. Light work, good wages. Mrs. A. W. Rice, Max, N. D. 8-1-1wk

WANTED—Housekeeper on small farm for widower; no children. Address 251, care Tribune. 7-30-1wk

GIRL WANTED—At the Olympia. 8-1-1wk

SALESMAN

SALESMAN—A large corporation with an established product wants a salesman on rubber foot wear for Dakota territory. Position necessitates traveling January to May. Work is on commission basis. Give full personal details and business experience. Make your answer sell yourself. Address 262, care Tribune. 7-28-2wk

WORK WANTED

WORK WANTED—Hemstitching and pleating, cotton, wool and linen, 10 cents a yard; all silk, 15 cents a yard. Novelty pleating up to 10 inches in width; 2 and 1/2 inches, 20 cents; 7 and 8 inches, 15 cents; 5 and 6 inches, 10 cents; 1 to 4 inches, 8 cents; all organdy, 6 cents. Mrs. C. P. Larson, 406 4th St. 7-28-1wk

ROOMS FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two rooms and bath furnished for light house keeping. Couple without children preferred. 520-7th St. 8-2-3wk

FOR RENT—Room, with board, in modern house for two men or two ladies; two blocks from P. O. 311 2nd St. Phone 832-41. 8-2-3wk

FOR RENT—Two large unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Call 223 3rd St. S. or 702-M. 8-2-3wk

FOR RENT—Light housekeeping and sleeping rooms. Prices reasonable. 320-2nd St. 8-2-4wk

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms. Phone 672, L. W. 38 Main St. 7-28-1wk

FOR RENT—Rooms in strictly modern house at 300 9th St. Phone 377-J. 7-29-1wk

FOR RENT—Room in modern house, \$10 per month. 163 8th St. Phone 236-J. 8-2-1wk

FOR RENT—Nice modern furnished room. Phone 548M. 505-3rd St. 8-1-3wk

FOR RENT—Rooms. Call before 9 or after 6, 210 Thayer St. Phone 607. ROOMS FOR RENT—422 12th St. Phone 475M. 8-1-3wk

AUTOMOBILES—MOTORCYCLES
GIVEN AWAY FREE—One Harley-Davidson Motor Cycle Side Car to the first one making purchase of our Harley-Davidson Motor Cycle Demonstrator. Call 216 Main, Phone 932. 7-30-3wk

FOR SALE—Lozier touring car. Run very little; in good condition; will sell at a bargain if taken at once. Phone 905, or write 253, care Tribune. 7-27-1wk

FOR SALE—Chevrolet Roadster, A-1 condition. Run very little. At a bargain. Phone 982. Or write Box 321. 7-30-3wk

FOR SALE—Studebaker four, a real bargain at \$250. O. K. Garage. 7-27-1wk

LOST

LOST—Between N. P. Station and 416 2nd St. Crochet bag in Roman Strip containing shell rim glasses, purse, small change and handkerchief. Finder return to Bismarck Tribune office. 8-2-2wk

LOST—Four ten dollar bills between Bismarck and Elm Grove. Reward will be given for return of same to Bismarck Tribune Office. 8-1-3wk

LOST—Mans gray tweed hat at Yager's dam. Finder return to A. W. Mellon, 610 8th St. Phone 838, receive reward. 7-26-1wk

LOST—Bunch of keys Friday with St. Paul tax. Finder return to Tribune. 8-1-3wk

LOST—Masonic Cuff link. For reward, call at 206 E. Thayer. 8-1-3wk

FOR SALE OR RENT
HOUSES AND FLATS

FOR SALE—House of six rooms and bath, reception hall, hard wood floors, fire place, screened in porch, east front, garage, and nice trees. One of the best built houses in the city. Location good. \$1,200 cash and balance on easy terms. J. H. Holloman, 311 Broadway. Phone 745. 8-2-3wk

FOR SALE—One of the nicest hungings in the city; modern throughout. \$5,000; good terms. Also house of eleven rooms and bath; garage trees. This will make a nice fronting house or home. J. H. Holloman, 311 Broadway. Phone 745. 8-2-3wk

FOR SALE—\$4,500, seven-room house, strictly modern, hot air heat, full basement, east front, fine shade trees; \$500 cash, balance monthly. Henry & Henry. Phone 361. 8-1-3wk

FOR RENT—Well furnished modern apartment suitable for neat clean married couple, also house of seven rooms for rent. Apply 1107 Bismarck. 8-1-1wk

FOR RENT—7 room house with bath, close in. For sale electric sweater and duofold bed. 222-2nd St. Phone 664-X. 7-22-1wk

FOR RENT—Fully equipped light housekeeping apartment. Geo. W. Little, 501 4th St. Phone 404-J. 7-12-1wk

FOR RENT—Strictly modern apartment in the new Apartments 215 3rd street. F. W. Murphy. Phone 852. 3-3-1wk

FOR RENT—3 room flat, modern, in every respect, also rooms furnished and unfurnished. Phone 143. 6-16-1wk

FOR SALE—3 room modern house by owner. Barefoot for cash. Call at house 723 9th street. 7-28-1wk

POSITION WANTED

WANTED—Stenographic work, part time on permanent position. Call 485-R. 7-30-3wk

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED TO RENT—Small furnished modern house or flat by young married couple. Write 262 Tribune. 8-1-1wk

WANTED—Six or seven room modern house. Call 406 7th St. 8-2-3wk

MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—One Nichols & Shepard steam engine 25-30 H. P., Canadian special. One 36-56 Nichols & Shepard separator. One 14-foot tension feeder. One 15-barrel Altman-Taylor steel tank with truck, pump and hose. Also one 42 International Moulton on good terms. 108 Main St. Phone 398. 7-28-2wk

WANTED—To trade for Bismarck residence property, quarter section good land, 80 acres under plow, good house, barn and sheds, three and a half miles Havelock, seven miles New England. A. Papasek, 1200 1-2 Broadway, Bismarck. 7-28-1wk

Person known to have taken black bag from Olympia Confectionery. Thursday evening kindly leave same at Tribune office, otherwise legal steps will be taken. 7-29-3wk

PRE WAR PRICES on cleaning, reblocking, and remodeling men's hats. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works. Phone 58, opposite Postoffice. 1-18-4

FIRST CLASS WORK—Cleaning, pressing, repairing, dyeing, ladies' and men's clothing. Eagle Tailoring & Hat Works. phone 58, opposite Postoffice. 1-18-4

FOR SALE—5 shares capital stock of Farmers Insurance Company of Dickinson, N. Dak. Price \$200.00. Write 256 care Tribune. 7-21-1wk

WANTED—To hear from owner of stock of general merchandise, for sale or trade. Harvey Sutton, Lisbon, N. D. 7-28-1wk

FOR TRADE—Five quarter sections of land, will consider Mandan or Bismarck city property. Answer 260, Tribune. 7-28-6wk

FOR SALE—Queen Ann mahogany dining room set, never been used. 213 2nd St. Phone 634-R. 8-1-3wk

FOR SALE—Bed, dresser, two rocking chairs, 213 2nd St. Phone 634-R. 8-1-3wk

FOR RENT—Rooms in strictly modern house at 300 9th St. Phone 377-J. 7-29-1wk

FOR RENT—Room in modern house, \$10 per month. 163 8th St. Phone 236-J. 8-2-1wk

FOR RENT—Nice modern furnished room. Phone 548M. 505-3rd St. 8-1-3wk

FOR RENT—Rooms. Call before 9 or after 6, 210 Thayer St. Phone 607. ROOMS FOR RENT—422 12th St. Phone 475M. 8-1-3wk

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
In the Matter of the Estate of George Anderson. Decedate, is hereby given by the undersigned executors of the last will and testament of George Anderson late of the City of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, deceased, to the creditors of said estate, of all having claims against said decedent to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within six months after the first publication of this notice, to said executors, at the office of F. E. McCurdy, Bismarck, Burleigh County, North Dakota. Dated July 11, 1921.

PHILLIPPA ANDERSON, Executrix. First publication on the 12th day of July, 1921. 7-12-19-28; 8-2-

NOTICE AND CITATION, HEARING OF FINAL ACCOUNT AND DISTRIBUTION OF ESTATE

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA ss.
County of Burleigh. Before Hon. J. C. Davies, Judge. M. M. Marshall, Executor of the Estate of Marshall H. Jewell, deceased.

Reuben N. Stevens, Petitioner, vs. Kate T. Jewell, Ralph Jewell and Paul Jewell, Respondents.

THE STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA TO: THE ABOVE NAMED RESPONDENTS:

You, the said Kate T. Jewell, Ralph Jewell and Paul Jewell, are hereby notified that the final account of the executors of the will and testament of Marshall H. Jewell, late of the City of Bismarck in the County of Burleigh and State of North Dakota, deceased, has been rendered to this Court, therein showing that the estate of said deceased is fully paid and distributed, and that the distribution and partitioning of his account be allowed, the residue of said estate be distributed to the persons thereunto entitled, his administration closed and he discharged, that Wednesday, the 12th day of August, 1921, at 12 o'clock in the forenoon of that day at the court rooms of this Court in the court house, in the City of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh, and State of North Dakota, has been duly published for the last 30 days, and that any person interested in said estate may appear and file his exceptions, in writing, to said account and petition and contest the same.

REED FOR: the above named respondents, and each of you are hereby cited and required to be there to be and appear before this Court and show cause if any you have, why a decree of account should not be allowed, the residue of said estate be distributed and partitioned as hereinabove set forth.

Dated the 12th day of July, 1921.
(SEAL) J. C. DAVIES, Judge of the County Court.

Judge of the County Court.

Let the foregoing citation be served on publication in the Bismarck Tribune a few successive weeks and personal service on all respondents resident in Bismarck, and not less than ten days before the hearing.

REED FOR: J. C. DAVIES, Judge of the County Court.

Call for PAYMENT OF CITY OF BISMARCK WARRANTS

Notice is hereby given that the following warrants on the funds named of the City of Bismarck, North Dakota, are payable. Interest on the same will cease on August 1, 1921. Said warrants are payable at any bank or trust company in the City of Bismarck.

GENERAL FUND—All warrants registered or before December 29, 1920.

POOT FUND—All warrants registered or before June 30, 1921, except Warrant No. 1.

LIBRARY FUND—All warrants registered or before January 19th, 1921.

WATER FUND—All warrants registered or before June 30, 1921.

FOR RENT—Well furnished modern apartment suitable for neat clean married couple, also house of seven rooms for rent. Apply 1107 Bismarck. 8-1-1wk

FOR RENT—7 room house with bath, close in. For sale electric sweater and duofold bed. 222-2nd St. Phone 664-X. 7-22-1wk

FOR RENT—Fully equipped light housekeeping apartment. Geo. W. Little, 501 4th St. Phone 404-J. 7-12-1wk

FOR RENT—Strictly modern apartment in the new Apartments 215 3rd street. F. W. Murphy. Phone 852. 3-3-1wk

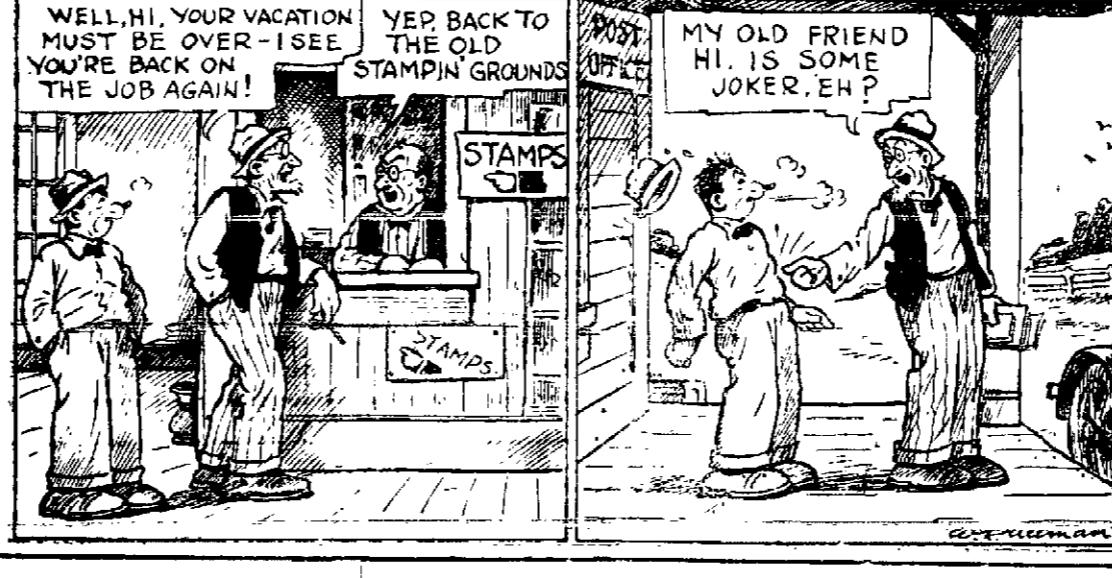
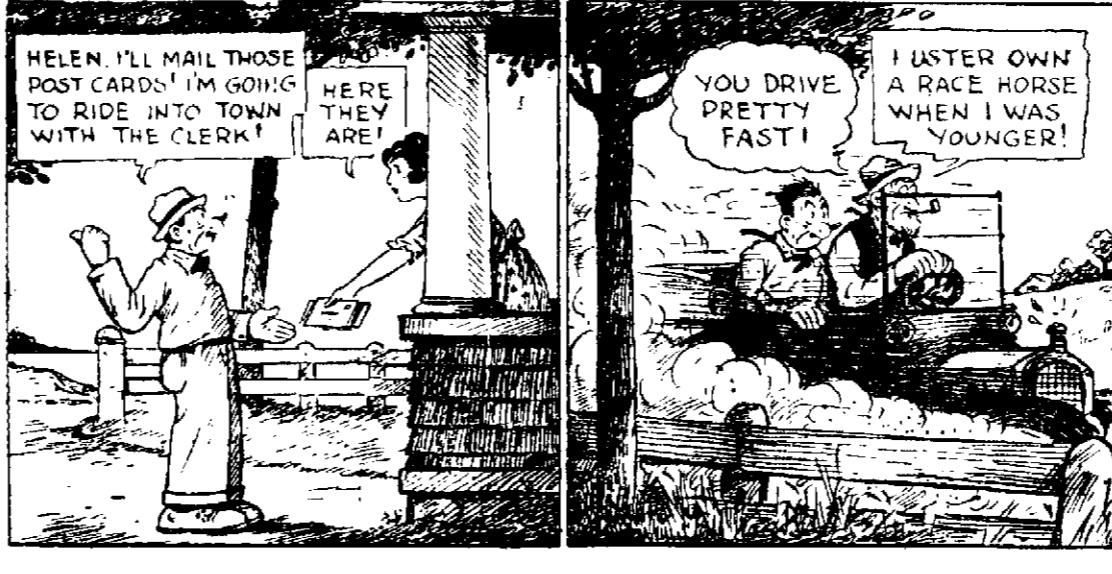
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FOR SALE—3 room modern house by owner. Barefoot for cash. Call at house 723 9th street. 7-28-1wk

DOINGS OF THE DUFFS

Tom takes a trip to the Postoffice

BY ALLMAN



MARKETS

WHEAT STRENGTHENED

Chicago, Aug. 2.—Fresh strength developed in the wheat market today. Scantiness of rural offerings appeared to be largely responsible. Opening prices which varied from unchanged to 1-4 cents higher were followed by a material upturn all around.

Subsequently ear shortage complaints were a handicap to the market and opinion became prevalent that the crest of the after-the-harvest movement had been witnessed. The market closed unsettled at the same as yesterday's finish to 3-4 cents higher.

ST. PAUL LIVESTOCK

South St. Paul, Aug. 2.—Cattle receipts, 3,200. No dry-fed or corn-fed cattle today. Grassy cattle slow weak to 25 cents lower. Dry-fed heifers quotable from \$7.50 to \$9.25. Bulk of grassers suitable for beef \$5.50 to \$7. Few to \$7.50. Grass-cows and heifers mostly \$3.50 to \$5.50. Few to \$6.50. Veal calves steady. Packer top, \$8. Steaks and feeder slow, weak to 25 cents lower. Hog receipts, 4,300. Steady to strong. Range, \$8 to \$11. Bulk, \$8 to \$10.75. Best pigs, \$10.50.

Sheep receipts, bulk held through steady to strong. Good native lambs, \$8.50 to \$8.75. Few to \$9. Choice light ewes, \$4.10 to \$4.75.

MINNEAPOLIS FLOUR

Minneapolis, Aug. 2.—Flour, unchanged. Shipments, 55,991 barrels. Bran, \$15.

MINNEAPOLIS GRAIN

Minneapolis, Aug. 2.—Wheat receipts, 227 cars, compared to 211 cars a year ago.

Cash No. 1 northern, \$1.10-3-4 to \$1.50-3-4; September, \$1.30-3-4; December, \$1.32.

Corn No. 2 yellow, 52 to 53 cents.

Oats No. 3 white, 32-18 to 32-75 cents.

Barley, 40 to 60 cents.

Rye No. 2, \$1.06 to \$1.0

K.C. DEDICATES MEMBERS ANEW TO NATION'S AID

J. A. Flaherty in International Convention Sounds Keynote of Catholic Order

FOR WOMEN'S AUXILIARY

Extensive Program of Welfare Work is Proposed by Heads of Fraternity

San Francisco, Calif., Aug. 2.—Striking the keynote of the thirty-ninth annual international convention of the Knights of Columbus, Supreme Knight James A. Flaherty of Philadelphia, before thousands of delegates and visitors representing the K. of C. organization in the United States and its possessions, Canada, Newfoundland, Mexico, Cuba and Panama, declared that the 800,000 members of the Knights of Columbus had gathered to rededicate themselves to service exclusively in the interest of their country.

He stated that the K. of C. had enjoyed the most prosperous and effective year in its history and that its chief activities to be planned and launched at the San Francisco meeting were the campaign to spend the \$5,000,000 balance of the K. of C. fund on hospitalization work for disabled veterans; the initiation of the K. of C. American history work and the inauguration of the Knights' anti-tuberculosis campaign.

Educational Plans.

Besides which a committee of nationally-known educators was present, he said, to lay before the convention plans for the immediate launching of the largest correspondence school in America to be conducted by the K. of C. for the benefit of former service men desiring technical training.

"Let us organize throughout the land an army of Catholic women to co-operate with us, to remind the nation that the war is not over so long as there is a readable scar on the body or in the mind of any veteran," he said. "By this work we are not only fulfilling the terms of the stewardship we accepted at the hands of the American public when Catholic and non-Catholic committed \$40,000,000 to our cause, but we are doing the simple duty of active citizens and paying the debt of practical gratitude we owe to our defenders."

Supreme Knight Flaherty made public an appeal received from Pope Benedict for the K. of C. to introduce American welfare work into Italy, to stimulate friendship between the two countries and to protect the faith of Italian youth. He announced that the Knights would raise at least \$1,000,000 among themselves to inaugurate this work in Rome. "Deluded Americans who contribute to barren malicious attempts to rob Italian youth of its faith may misunderstand our motives. But even Italian Protestants have asked us, the Catholic men of America, to save them from uplift maintained by American dollars that might be better expended in relieving misfortune at home or in succoring the starving abroad.

Duty Plain.

"Our duty is plain. It is the first direct assignment that any body of laymen has ever received from the Head of the Church. We have already directed K. of C. Commissioners Edward L. Hearn of New York to proceed to Rome to advise with His Holiness on the introduction of the work. In Italy we shall not only carry on American welfare work for Italians, but also for the benefit of Americans visiting Italy and especially in behalf of Italians contemplating emigration to America."

Mr. Flaherty announced that Marshal Foch had definitely accepted the invitation of the Knights of Columbus to be their guest at a great patriotic demonstration in Chicago on November 6. He also announced that the K. of C. had undertaken the publication of a national monthly magazine, Columbia, to be dedicated exclusively to Americanization history, literature and social service. The magazine, which had President Harding's endorsement, has a circulation of 750,000 with its first issue, he added.

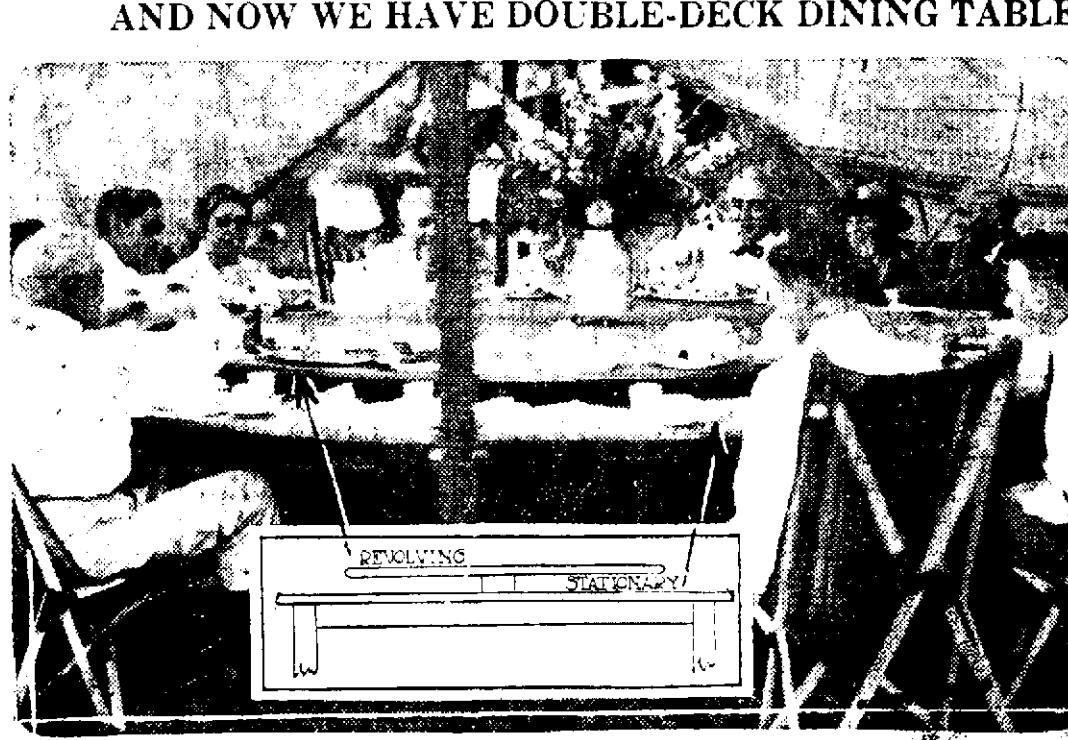
He stated that the K. of C. had definitely declined to introduce its organization into Europe, although Spain, France, England, Denmark and Austria had appealed for K. of C. councils.

Archbishop Edward Hanna of San Francisco celebrated the solemn mass with which the convention opened at the old Dolores mission, after which Mayor James Rolph, Jr., heading a delegation of 300 prominent San Franciscans presented Supreme Knight with the keys of the city at a public reception in the Civic Center attended by delegations of the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Spanish-war veterans, G. A. R. and many women's organizations. More than 20,000 K. of C. delegates and visitors are in San Francisco for the convention.

ENRICO CARUSO, FAMOUS WORLD OVER SUCUMBS TO LONG ILLNESS

(Continued from Page 1) powers. No grand operatic tenor in America, from the days of Brignoli, Campanini, Ravello, amgno and Jean Reszke, it is recorded, ever reigned so long in popular favor.

Caruso, after his strenuous opera seasons, sometimes had trouble with his throat, which he usually overcame with a little rest and care and at certain intervals, rumors that "Caruso will never sing again" were frequently printed. In the winter of 1920, however, he suffered a serious attack when a small blood vessel in his throat burst while he was singing in "Elsie d'Amore" in the Brooklyn Academy of Music. Recovered from



The proverbial "boarding house" was unnecessary at the grub camp, as anything from soup to nuts, anything from a simple meal to a double-deck affair, was much handier than the usual camping way of grub. In this picture Harding is shown just to the right of the bouquet, and Mr. and Mrs. Ford next to him. Edsou is just to the left of the flowers.

\$10,000 BEAUTY PICKED BY NOTED PERSONS IS SEEN BY AUDIENCE HERE

The audience that attended the Rex last night found that the judges for the New York American in its 1920 beauty contest showed good taste when they chose Miss Nell Healy as the winner of the prize. The judges for the contest that was held by the New York American were, the mayor of New York, Harrison Fischer, a well known American artist, Irving Berlin, the song writer and Florene Ziegfeld of the Ziegfeld Follies.

Miss Healy was formerly a Chicago girl but had lived in New York for five years before the 1920 contest was held. She is a decided blonde with blue eyes. Miss Healy is five feet and ten inches tall and weighs one hundred and forty eight pounds. She is a perfect thirty-six. Miss Healy says that she owes her good looks and her figure to constant out door exercise.

are being retrained by the Federal Board for Vocational Education a revolving fund of \$500,000 from which they may borrow to meet temporary financial needs. Disabled ex-service men whose applications for training are still in "investigation status" are not eligible to this assistance, but they will continue to receive such assistance from the American Red Cross, it is announced by National Headquarters. During the last year 400 such men have been given temporary financial assistance by the Red Cross.

FIRE TRUCK TO BE PURCHASED; CALL FOR BIDS

(Continued from Page 1) Tribune urging purchase of a fire truck out of available funds.

Bills allowed:

E. M. Stanton	35.00
Harris and Co. election expense	7.00
Wachter Transfer Co. sprinkler	20.00
Lauren street dept.	157.75
Wachter Transfer Co. St. Dept	125.00
Bismarck Water Supply Co.	110.25

I have been a victim of Hay Fever for the past five years and could find no relief, until this year, when I got Mr. Robertson's cure. My eyes were so bad and I was sneezing continually and could not do my work. After the first application I felt one hundred per cent better and after using it a few days more was completely relieved.

Allen C. Pfennig,
Write Lock Box 423,
Mandan, N. D.

H. M. Pfennig,
Notary Public.

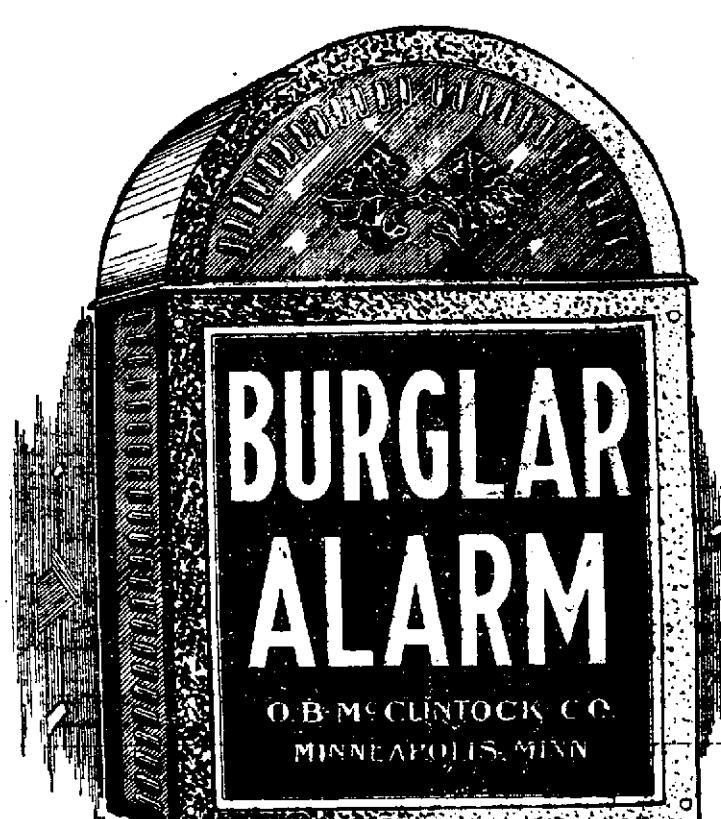
HOSKINS KODAK WORK Done For The AMATEUR

Reasonable Charges — We are known everywhere for the expert work we do. Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention.

HOSKINS, Inc. Bismarck, N. D.

Safety and Service

THE TWO STRONG PILLARS ON WHICH WE ARE BUILDING OUR BUSINESS



With our new McClintock Burglar Alarm System which we recently installed, our bank is a safe place to keep your Liberty Bonds and other valuables as well as to do your general banking business.

First National Bank, Bismarck, N. D.
GET A SAFETY DEPOSIT BOX NOW
Safety First

HAS PLAN TO STABILIZE FARM PRODUCE PRICE

Pierre, S. D., Aug. 2.—A plan, which its exponents claim would stabilize the prices of farm products has recently been presented to the Senate Agricultural Committee at Washington. It has likewise passed the lower house of the South Dakota legislature and been endorsed by financial and farming associations.

According to Will H. Lyon, of Sioux Falls, S. D., the plan's author, it will not only stabilize the price of farm products but will go farther and stabilize business in general, to a great extent.

In explaining the plan Mr. Lyons says:

"The stabilization plan would have the National Government guarantee to farmers the average cost of producing staple, nonperishable, crops, plus reasonable profit, by agreeing to purchase whatever surplus remains at hand at the end of the crop year, delivered at certain central terminals and at a stipulated minimum price."

"This surplus in every staple crop, except wheat and cotton, is so small that the amount of money required would be insignificant in comparison with the value of the entire crop."

"If the surplus of any crop should prove excessive, the stabilizing commission, fairly representing both producers and consumers, appointed by the president, would probably reduce the price for the following year and increase the price of other products in which a shortage might exist and thereby induce our farmers to increase production of flax, wool, and sugar which we now so largely import, at a cost of several hundred million dollars a year."

"The government under the plan must necessarily control the imports of such products and through the stabilizing commission would purchase abroad, at the world price level, any deficit required and sell to our manufacturers at not less than the guaranteed price (except that intended for export) thereby making a profit of the difference between the cost and selling price. Speculation in food products so abhorrent to the general public would, of course, be automatically eliminated below the guaranteed price."

TRIBUNE WANTS — FOR RESULTS

For Sale -- Choice Residence A Real Home Bargain

ON east front lot. 8 rooms and bath, all modern, hot water heat, hard-wood floors, screened porch, house in excellent condition. Gas stoves, stationery laundry tubs, full basement, Garage, location close in, a lovely home and pretty lot, nice lawn and shade trees. A real home bargain. Call for appointment.

\$4700.00

HENRY & HENRY

Phone 961 Office, 4th Street
Houses and Lots For Sale in All Parts of the City.

WILLIAMS HITS RESERVE BOARD

Former Comptroller Testifies in Washington

Washington, Aug. 2.—John Skelton Williams, former comptroller of the currency, appeared today before a joint congressional commission considering agricultural problems to criticize administration of the federal reserve bank. Gov. Harding of the federal reserve board sat in the audience.

"I did not agree with the policy of the reserve board in indiscriminately raising interest rates in 1919," Mr. Williams said. "Nor did I agree with it previously in policy of making prodigal advances to institutions in the east to the disadvantage of the west and south.

"I found that the board in 1919 was advancing directly and indirectly a total sum of \$130,000,000 to a single institution in New York.

"The New York reserve bank, Mr. Williams said always was a tremendous borrower to the extent of four times its capital for use in speculative operations and promotions."

BROWN-TOP PUDDING
For a pudding hastily put together and one which will use the cake that is not fresh any longer. Brown-Top cannot be improved upon. Make a custard of four eggs, a quart of milk, sugar to taste and flavor. Pour this over the cake which you have sliced and put in the bottom of the baker. The cake will rise to the top. Put in the oven and bake like custard.



**CITY CLEANERS
AND DYERS**
Office in
KLEIN'S TAILOR SHOP
Phone 770

THE Standard Oil Company (Indiana) is a corporation owned by the people at large, doing for the people, to the best of its ability, a big job in a highly specialized branch of essential industry.

Three years ago the ownership was spread over 4623 stockholders.

Today the ownership is spread over 19,478 stockholders, of whom 7,200 are employees.

Not one of the 19,478 owns as much as 10 percent of the total stock.

The stockholders have vested the authority of management in a Board of Directors of seven men. All are skilled in their individual branch of activity and all have earned their right to a seat on the Board by displaying unusual ability.

It is the ambition of this Board to operate the Company in such a fair and square way that you, as stockholder or customer, shall have a distinct pride in the fact that there is such an institution as the Standard Oil Company (Indiana).

**Standard Oil Company
(Indiana)**
910 So. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Illinois